

Financial Statements of

# **TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL**

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended March 31, 2020



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of Temiskaming Hospital

### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of Temiskaming Hospital (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of remeasurement gains (loss) for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the “financial statements”)

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the “***Auditors’ Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***” section of our auditors’ report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



### ***Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

### ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, internal omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to the events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity's to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'KPMG LLP'. The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style. Below the signature is a horizontal line that starts under the 'K' and ends under the 'P'.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Canada

June 23, 2020

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

## Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Revenue:		
North East Local Health Integration Network and Ministry of Health	\$ 22,102,550	\$ 21,673,838
Cancer Care Ontario	1,076,892	725,186
Patient services	3,219,727	3,126,556
Other	2,686,944	2,247,505
Amortization - deferred capital contributions for equipment	590,150	389,267
	<u>29,676,263</u>	<u>28,162,352</u>
Expenses:		
Salaries and wages	14,985,421	14,244,570
Supplies and other	4,707,333	4,688,369
Employee benefits	4,278,946	4,059,492
Medical staff remunerations	2,381,598	2,472,292
Drugs	1,688,291	1,414,306
Medical and surgical supplies	793,181	679,987
Amortization - equipment	1,003,163	792,622
	<u>29,837,933</u>	<u>28,351,638</u>
Deficiency of revenue over expenses before the undernoted	(161,670)	(189,286)
Amortization - deferred capital contributions for buildings, land improvements and building service equipment	206,302	170,928
Amortization - buildings, land improvements and building service equipment	(665,967)	(739,878)
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ (621,335)</u>	<u>\$ (758,236)</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

\_\_\_\_\_ Director

\_\_\_\_\_ Director

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

## Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ -	\$ 1,172,559
Investments (note 2)	2,482,436	2,603,598
Accounts receivable (note 3)	1,481,785	1,264,618
Inventories	526,254	475,321
Prepaid expenses	500,823	408,462
Note receivable (note 4)	1,480,000	1,480,000
	<u>6,471,298</u>	<u>7,404,558</u>
Capital assets (note 5)	15,645,678	15,823,278
	<u>\$ 22,116,976</u>	<u>\$ 23,227,836</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Contributions and Net Assets</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Bank indebtedness	\$ 18,643	\$ -
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	3,167,442	3,667,885
	<u>3,186,085</u>	<u>3,667,885</u>
Deferred capital contributions (note 8)	5,476,586	5,049,864
Employee post-retirement benefits (note 9)	1,857,560	1,731,218
	<u>10,520,231</u>	<u>10,448,967</u>
Net assets	11,854,951	12,476,286
Remeasurement gains (loss)	(258,206)	302,583
Contingencies (note 13)		
Subsequent event (note 16)		
	<u>\$ 22,116,976</u>	<u>\$ 23,227,836</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 12,476,286	\$ 13,234,522
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(621,335)	(758,236)
Net assets, end of year	\$ 11,854,951	\$ 12,476,286

See accompanying notes to financial statements

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

## Statement of Remeasurement Gains (Loss)

Year ended March 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ 302,583	\$ 351,900
Amounts reclassified to statement of operations - realized investment gain	305,222	101,454
Unrealized investment loss	(866,011)	(150,771)
<b>Remeasurement gains (loss), end of year</b>	<b>\$ (258,206)</b>	<b>\$ 302,583</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

## Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (621,335)	\$ (758,236)
Adjustments for:		
Amortization of capital assets	1,669,130	1,532,500
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(796,452)	(560,195)
Realized gain on investments	305,222	101,454
Increase in employee post-retirement benefits	126,342	105,385
	<u>682,907</u>	<u>420,908</u>
Change in non-cash working capital (note 10)	(860,904)	(245,450)
	<u>(177,997)</u>	<u>175,458</u>
Cash flows from capital activities:		
Net additions to capital assets	(1,491,530)	(3,232,375)
Increase in deferred capital contributions	1,223,174	2,614,054
	<u>(268,356)</u>	<u>(618,321)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Decrease in investments	121,162	479,857
Unrealized loss on investments	(866,011)	(150,771)
	<u>(744,849)</u>	<u>329,086</u>
Net decrease in cash	(1,191,202)	(113,777)
Cash, beginning of year	1,172,559	1,286,336
Cash, end of year	\$ (18,643)	\$ 1,172,559

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

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Temiskaming Hospital (the "Hospital") was incorporated under the laws of Ontario. The Hospital is principally involved in providing health care services to Temiskaming Shores and the surrounding area. The Hospital is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met.

## 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

### (a) Revenue recognition:

The Hospital accounts for contributions, which include donations and government grants, under the deferral method of accounting.

Under the Health Insurance Act and Regulations thereto, the Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by the Ministry of Health (the "Ministry") and the North East Local Health Integration Network ("NELHIN"). Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in the subsequent period.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amounts can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are recognized.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on the straight-line basis, at rates corresponding to those of the related capital assets.

Revenue from patient and other services is recognized when the service is provided.

### (b) Funding adjustments:

The Hospital receives grants from the NELHIN and the Ministry for specific services. Pursuant to the related agreements, if the Hospital does not meet specified levels of activity, the Ministry or NELHIN may be entitled to seek recoveries. Should any amounts become recoverable, the recoveries would be charged to operations in the period in which the recovery is determined to be payable. Should programs and activities incur a deficit, the Hospital records any recoveries thereon when additional funding is received or receivable if the amounts can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

### (c) Contributed services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Given the difficulty of determining the fair market value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

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## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Inventories:

Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost and net realizable value.

(e) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Assets acquired under capital leases are initially recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments and amortized over the useful life of the assets. Minor equipment replacements are expensed in the year of replacement.

Construction in progress is not amortized until construction is complete and the facilities come into use.

Amortization is provided on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

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Plant and property	10 to 40 years
Equipment and furnishings	3 to 20 years
Computer software	3 to 5 years

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In the year of acquisition, amortization is pro-rated based on the date of service.

Long-lived assets, including capital assets subject to amortization, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. When quoted market prices are not available, the Hospital uses the expected future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risks associated with the recovery of the asset as an estimate of fair value.

Assets to be disposed of would be separately presented in the statement of financial position and reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer amortized. The asset and liabilities of a disposed group classified as held for sale would be presented separately in the appropriate asset and liability sections of the statement of financial position.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

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## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (f) Employee post-retirement benefits:

The Hospital accrues its obligations for employee benefit plans. The cost of non-pension post-retirement and post-employment benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees and expected health care costs.

Actuarial gains (losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arise from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. The average remaining service period of the active employees covered by the employee benefit plan is 7 years.

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

The Hospital is an employer member of the Health Care of Ontario Pension Plan (the "Plan"), which is a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Hospital has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles. The Hospital records as pension expense the current service cost, amortization of past service costs and interest costs related to the future employer contributions to the Plan for past employee service.

### (g) Financial instruments:

All financial instruments are initially recorded on the statement of financial position at fair value.

All investments, if any, held in equity instruments that trade in an active market are recorded at fair value. Management has elected to record investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value.

Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is recognized in the statement of operations and any unrealized gain is adjusted through the statement of remeasurement gains. On sale, the statement of remeasurement gains associated with that instrument are reversed and recognized in the statement of operations.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the periods specified. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets; valuation allowances for receivables, and inventories; valuation of financial instruments; and assets and obligations related to employee future benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

## 2. Investments:

	2020		2019	
	Cost	Market Value	Cost	Market Value
Pooled investment funds	\$ 2,740,642	\$ 2,482,436	\$ 2,301,015	\$ 2,603,598

## 3. Accounts receivable:

	2020	2019
Patients and clients	\$ 1,306,675	\$ 1,140,997
Harmonized Sales Tax	175,110	156,147
Allowance for doubtful accounts	—	(32,526)
	\$ 1,481,785	\$ 1,264,618

## 4. Note receivable:

	2020	2019
Temiskaming Hospital Foundation	\$ 1,480,000	\$ 1,480,000

The note receivable is non-interest bearing, has no specified terms of repayment and is due on demand. The advance was made to assist the Temiskaming Hospital Foundation in fulfilling its core mandate.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

## 5. Capital assets:

2020	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net book Value
Land improvements	\$ 956,651	935,742	20,909
Buildings	17,175,542	9,927,104	7,248,438
Building service equipment	9,352,729	5,057,825	4,294,904
Furniture and equipment	16,118,450	12,563,233	3,555,217
Construction in Progress	526,210	-	526,210
	<u>\$ 44,129,582</u>	<u>28,483,904</u>	<u>15,645,678</u>

  

2019	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net book Value
Land improvements	\$ 937,286	933,663	3,623
Buildings	17,048,045	9,605,499	7,442,546
Building service equipment	8,913,375	4,741,450	4,171,925
Furniture and equipment	15,819,166	11,613,982	4,205,184
	<u>\$ 42,717,872</u>	<u>26,894,594</u>	<u>15,823,278</u>

## 6. Credit facilities:

The Hospital has arranged for a demand operating line of \$750,000 bearing interest at banker's prime rate less 0.25%. As at March 31, 2020, no amounts were outstanding under the demand operating line (2019 - \$Nil).

## 7. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	2020	2019
Accounts payable	\$ 997,981	\$ 1,494,969
Payroll accruals:		
- Salaries and wages	845,530	846,084
- Vacation pay and other entitlements	1,090,043	1,067,810
Deferred revenue	233,888	259,022
	<u>\$ 3,167,442</u>	<u>\$ 3,667,885</u>

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

## 8. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized and unspent balance of donations and grants received for the purchase of capital assets. Details of the continuity of these funds are as follows:

	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 5,049,864	\$ 2,996,005
Additional contributions received	1,223,174	2,614,054
Less amounts amortized to revenue	(796,452)	(560,195)
Balance, end of year	\$ 5,476,586	\$ 5,049,864

The deferred contributions related to capital assets consist of the following:

	2020	2019
Unamortized	\$ 5,173,414	\$ 5,047,692
Unspent	303,172	2,172
	\$ 5,476,586	\$ 5,049,864

## 9. Employee post-retirement benefits:

The Hospital sponsors a post-retirement defined benefit plan for medical, life insurance and dental benefits for substantially all unionized full time employees with various cost-sharing arrangements as determined by their collective agreements. The most recent valuation of the employee future benefits was completed as at March 31, 2020.

The accrued benefit obligation is recorded in the financial statements as follows:

	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,731,218	\$ 1,625,833
Add: benefit costs	215,011	203,968
	1,946,229	1,829,801
Less: benefit contributions	(88,669)	(95,583)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,857,560	\$ 1,731,218

Similar to most post-employment benefit plans (other than pension) in Canada, the Hospital's plan is not pre-funded, resulting in plan deficit equal to the accrued benefit obligation.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

## 9. Employee post-retirement benefits (continued):

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the Hospital's accrued benefit obligations are as follows:

	2020	2019
Discount rate	3.29%	3.18%
Dental cost trend rates	4.00%	4.00%
Extended health care trend rates	8.00%	8.00%
	Decreasing 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5%	

## 10. Change in non-cash working capital:

	2020	2019
Accounts receivable	\$ (217,167)	\$ (199,295)
Inventories	(50,933)	(101,433)
Prepaid expenses	(92,361)	(87,068)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(500,443)	142,346
	\$ (860,904)	\$ (245,450)

## 11. Pension plan:

Substantially all of the employees of the Hospital are members of the Health Care of Ontario Pension Plan (the "Plan") which is a multi-employer defined benefit plan. Contributions made to the plan during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amounted to \$1,199,716 (2019 - \$1,135,744) and are included in employee benefits in the statement of operations.

## 12. Related entities:

The Hospital has an economic interest in the Temiskaming Hospital Foundation and Temiskaming Hospital CAT Scan Foundation.

The Temiskaming Hospital Foundation was created for the purposes of promoting and participating in fundraising programs in order to raise money for capital equipment. During the year, the Hospital received donations amounting to \$382,364 (2019 - \$1,841,459) from the Temiskaming Hospital Foundation.

The Temiskaming Hospital CAT Scan Foundation was created for the purposes of raising funds to support the operation of a CAT scanner. During the year, the Hospital received donations amounting to \$165,000 (2019 - \$160,000) from the Temiskaming Hospital CAT Scan Foundation.



# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

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## 13. Contingencies:

### (a) Legal matters and litigation:

The Hospital is involved in certain legal matters and litigation, the outcomes of which are not presently determinable. The loss, if any, from these contingencies will be accounted for in the periods in which the matters are resolved. Management is of the opinion that these matters are mitigated by adequate insurance coverage.

### (b) Employment matters:

During the normal course of business, the Hospital is involved in certain employment related negotiations and has recorded accruals based on management's estimate of potential settlement amounts where these amounts are reasonably determinable.

### (c) Insurance:

A group of healthcare institutions, including the Hospital, are members of the Health Care Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC"). HIROC is a pooling of the liability insurance risk of its members. All members pay annual deposit premiums which are actuarially determined and are subject to further assessment for losses, if any, experienced by the pool for the years in which they are members. As at March 31, 2020, no assessments have been received.

## 14. Financial risks and concentration of credit risk:

### (a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Hospital is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable and other investments.

The Hospital assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Hospital at March 31, 2020 is the carrying value of these assets.

Management considers credit risk to be minimal as most of the accounts receivable balance is collected in a timely fashion.

The Hospital follows an investment policy approved by the Board of Directors. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Hospital at March 31, 2020 is the carrying value of these assets.

There have been no significant changes to the credit risk exposure from 2019.

### (b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Hospital manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Hospital prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 60 days of receipt of an invoice.

There have been no significant changes to the liquidity risk exposure from 2019.

# TEMISKAMING HOSPITAL

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2020

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## 15. Comparative information:

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted in 2019.

## 16. Subsequent event:

Prior to the Hospital's year-end, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and has had a significant financial, market and social dislocating impact.

At the time of approval of these financial statements, the Hospital has experienced the following indicators of financial implications and undertaken the following activities in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic:

- The closure of certain facilities to the general public, with temporary facilities opened to deal with screening and testing activities;
- Revisions to the delivery of a number of services in order to create capacity for pandemic response and limit the potential for transmission within the Hospital, including the cancellation of elective surgeries and the transfer of alternative level of care patients to other facilities; and
- The implementation of working from home requirements for certain hospital employees.

As a result of these measures, the Hospital continues to experience decreases in operating revenues and increases in operating costs in the subsequent period. The Ministry has allowed the Hospital to redirect revenue from certain funded programs towards COVID-related costs incurred during the year ended March 31, 2020, and has also committed to providing additional funding for COVID-related operating and capital costs in the subsequent period.

At this time, these factors present uncertainty over future cash flows, may cause significant changes to the assets or liabilities and may have a significant impact on future operations. An estimate of the financial effect is not practicable at this time.

The Hospital's costs incurred relating to COVID-19 in the current year were:

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		2020
Salaries and wages	\$	39,849
Employee benefits		5,830
Medical and surgical supplies		8,110
Drugs		1,204
Supplies and other		5,018
	\$	60,011

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